

Tuning Your Design with new Simulink Control Tools

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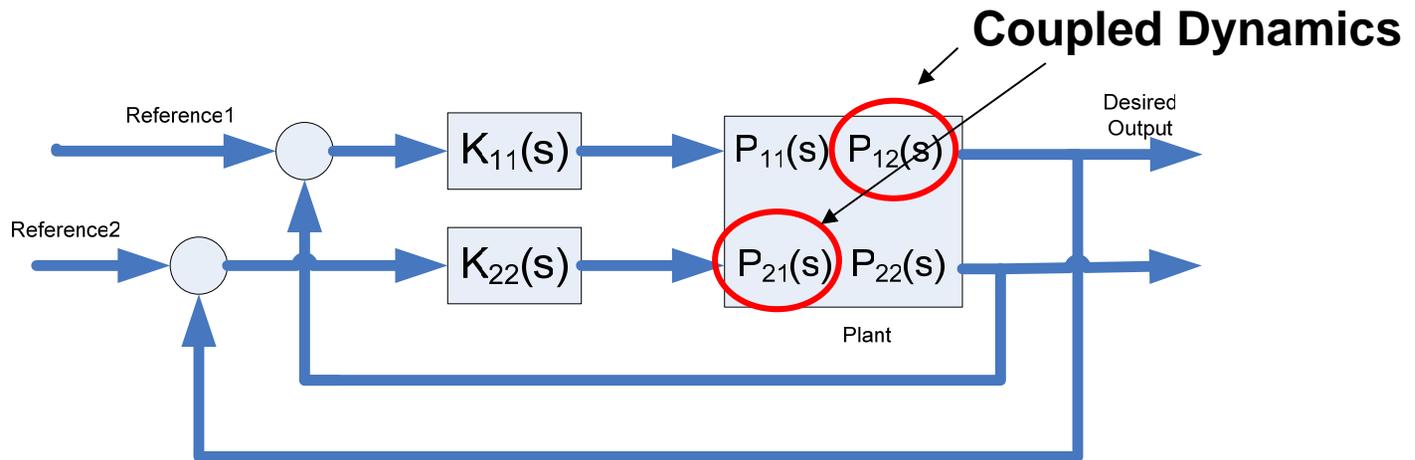


Presentation Overview

- Multi-loop control design
- Overview of multi-loop compensator design in Simulink®
- Guidance control system design using a Simulink model of an HL-20 lifting body

Multi-Loop Control Design

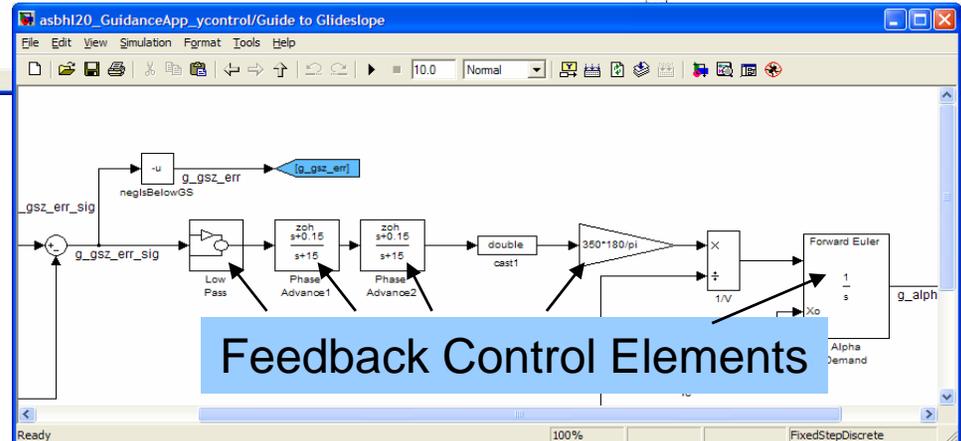
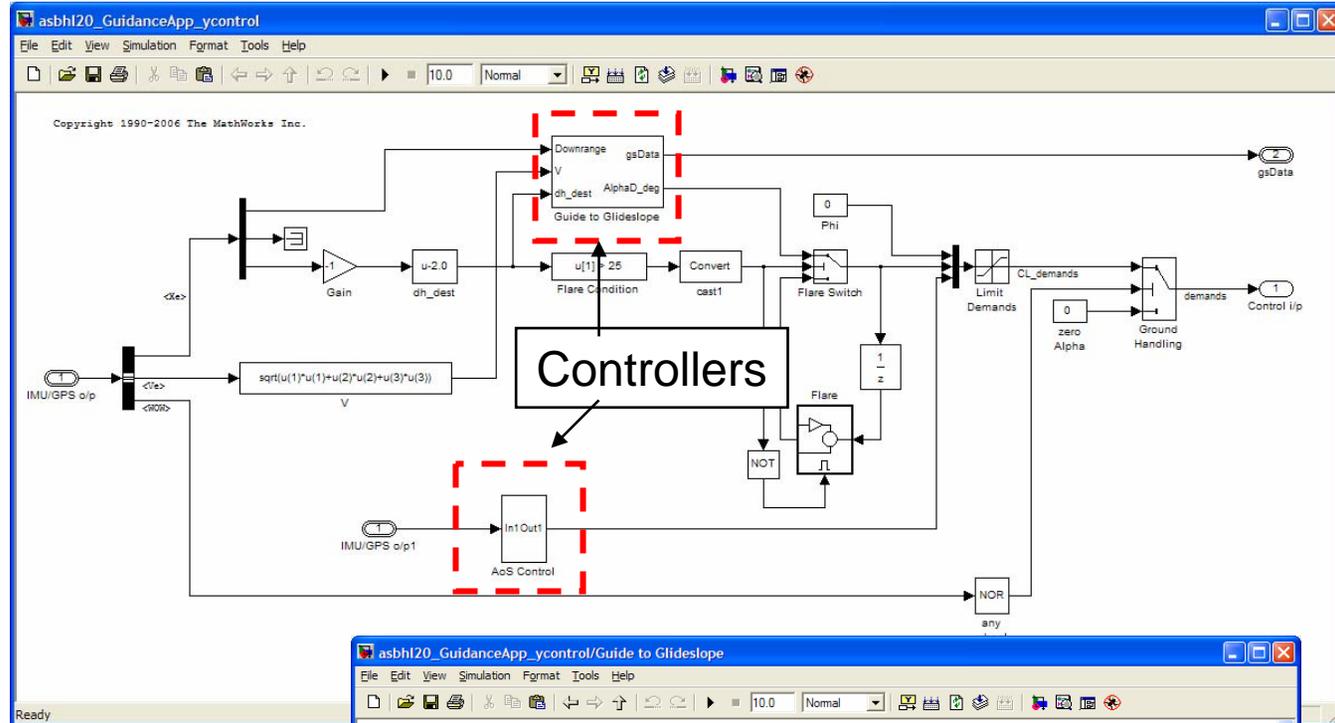
- Coupled Multi-Loop Control



Challenges of Control Design

- Feedback structure may be fixed and controllers are distributed
- Multi-Loop Design has inherent loop interaction effects
- Many controllers are fixed structure,

ex:
$$G(s) = \frac{\tau_1}{s + \tau_1}$$

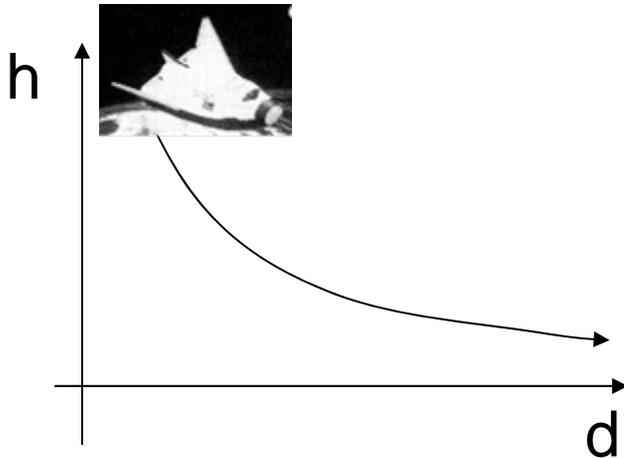


Application HL-20 Lifting Body

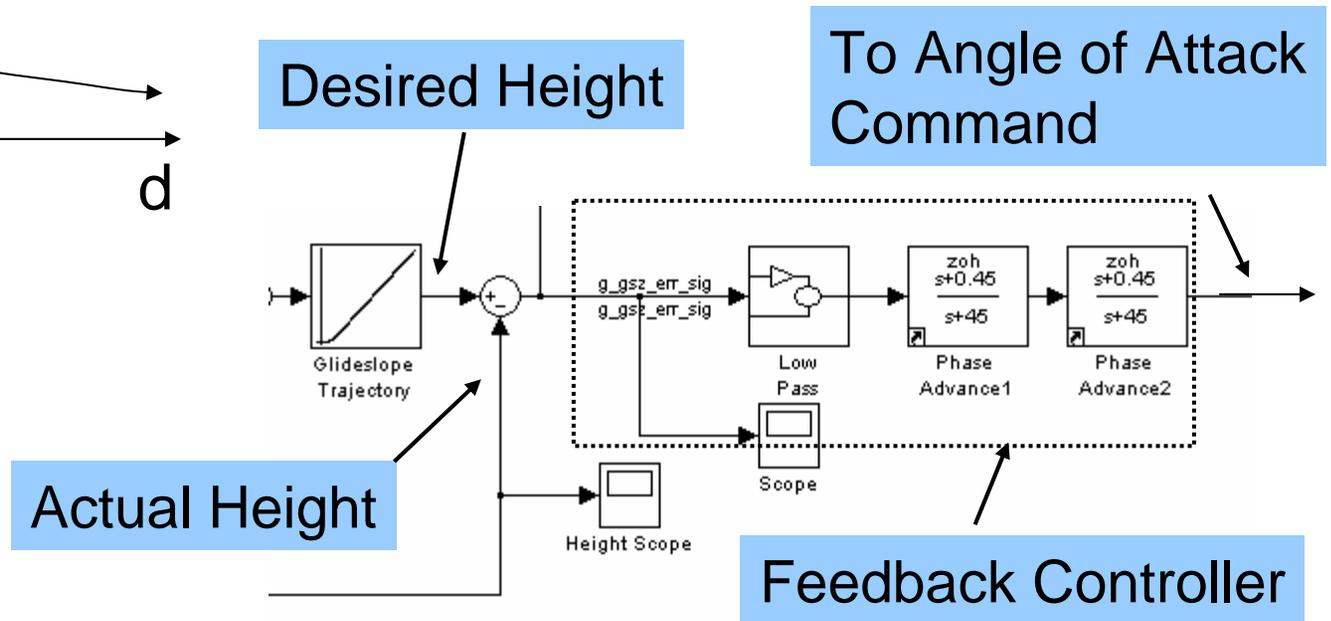
- Low cost re-entry vehicle
- Nose-first, horizontal, and unpowered landing
- Control system design tasks
 - Task 1: Flight control system design
 - Task 2: Guidance glideslope reference tracking and disturbance rejection
 - Task 3: Guidance yaw and roll corrections
 - Task 4: Landing gear control



HL-20 – Glideslope Control Problem

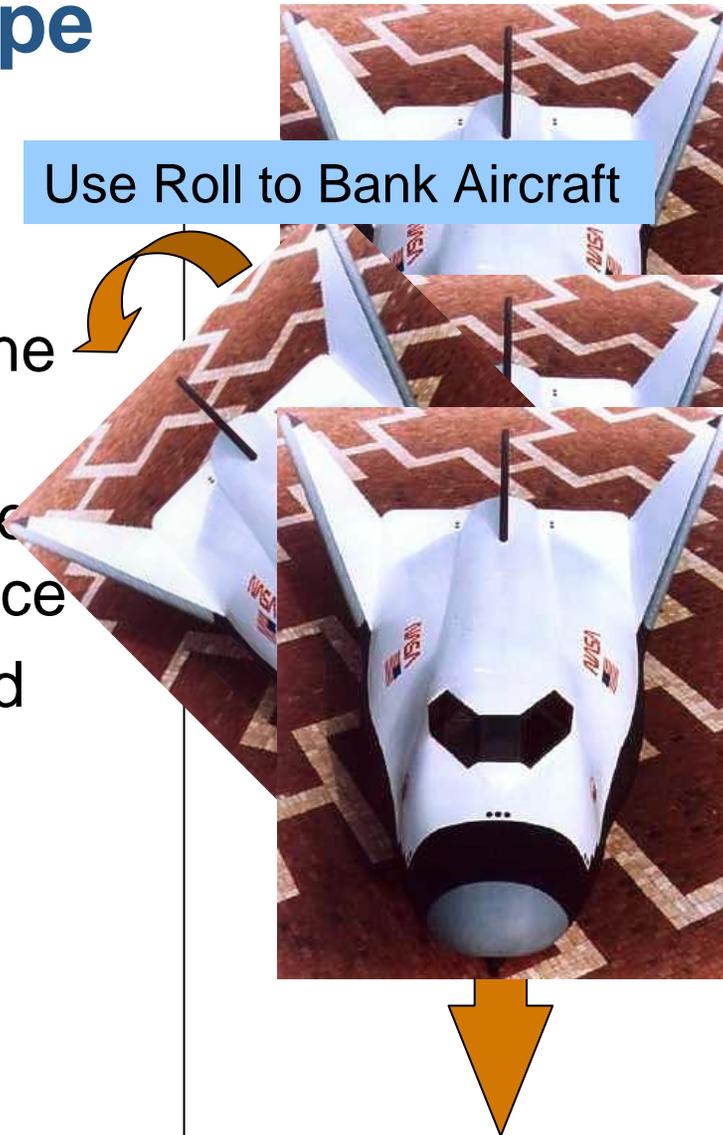


Goal: Build a feedback controller to control the height of the aircraft given the distance to the runway



Lateral Glideslope Regulation

- Flight path must remain within the cone
- Need to devise controller to reject the cross wind disturbance
- Nearing landing need to recover any roll angle for a clean landing



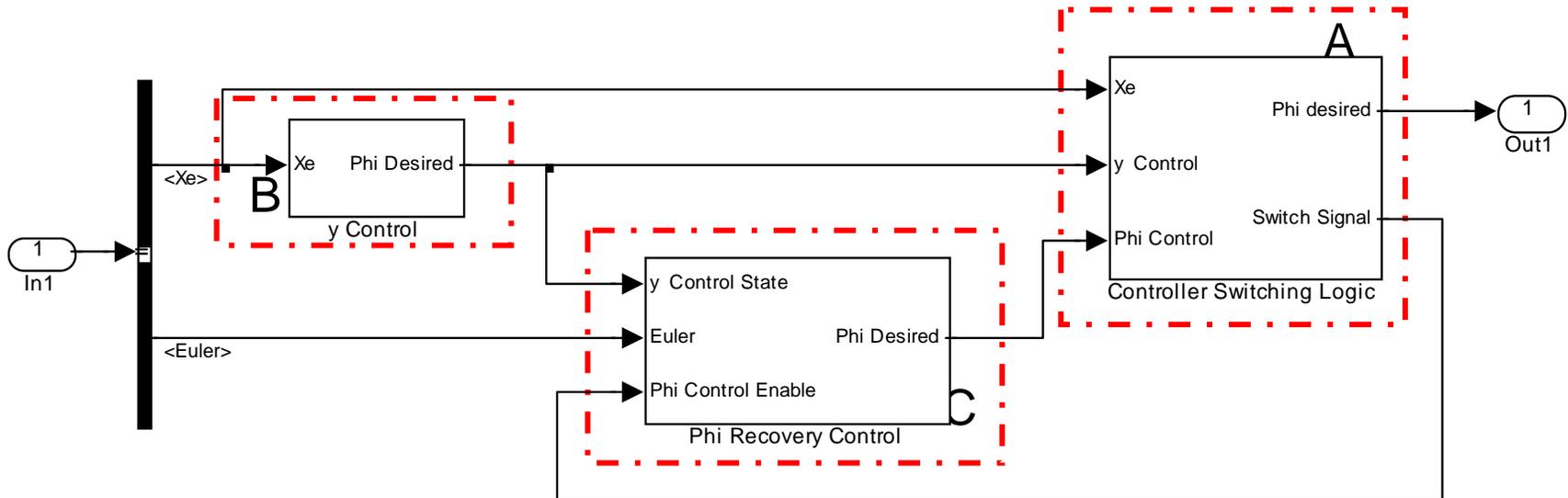
Landing Cone to hit runway

← Cross Wind

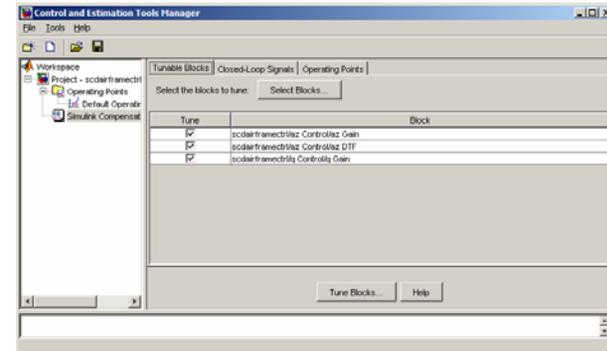
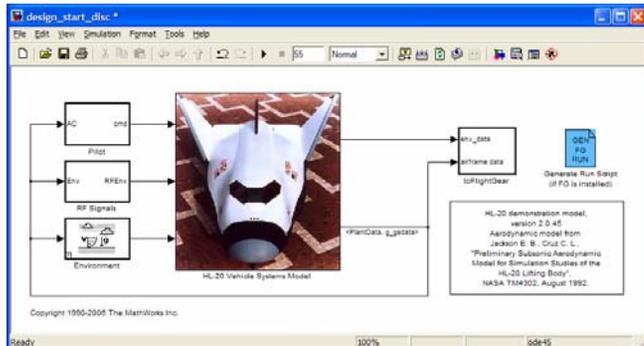
Automatic roll recovery at landing

Side Gust Control

- Build a bump-less transfer controller (A) to switch between
 - (B) Controlling the drift of the aircraft due to cross wind
 - (C) Recovering the roll angle at landing

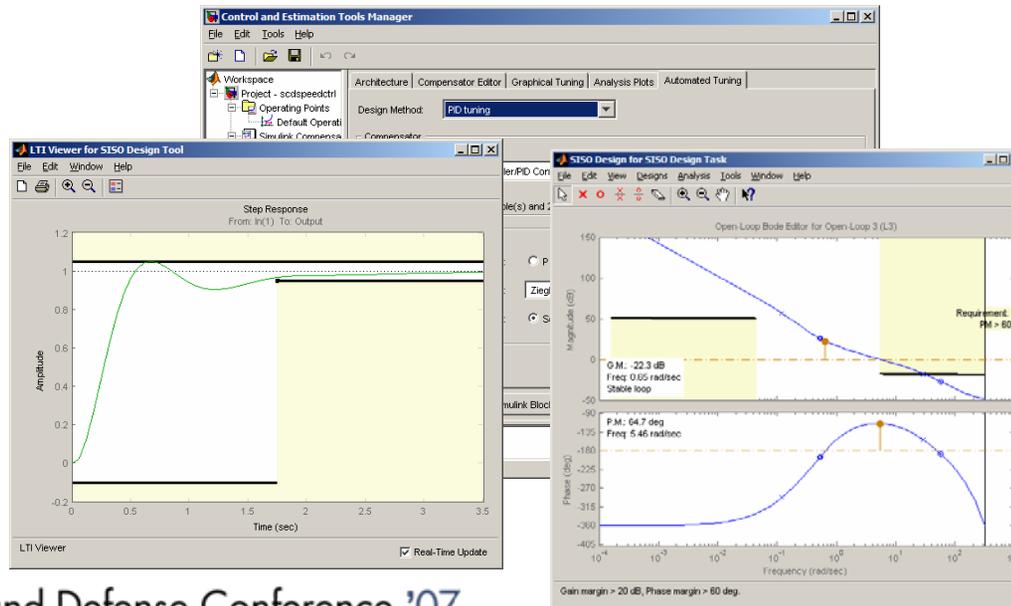


Designing Compensators in Simulink® in R2006a



1. Build a control system in Simulink – model plant and layout control structure

2. From Simulink Control Design pick blocks to tune and auto-linearize model



4. Write block parameters directly back to Simulink

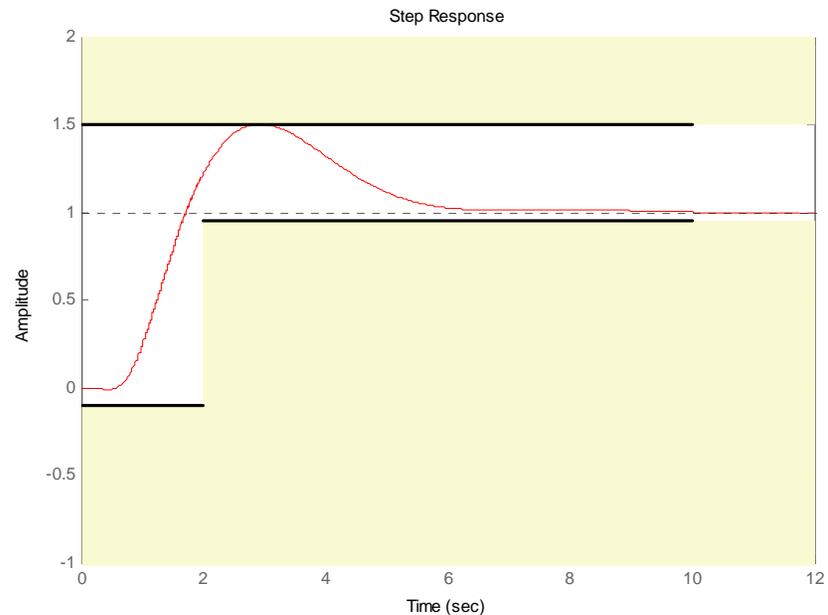
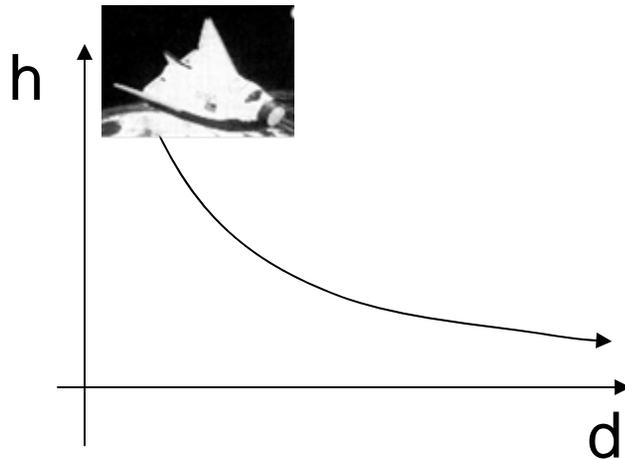
3. Tune blocks using graphical design

- One-click automated design
- Interactive design
- Simulink Response Optimization to meet time and frequency requirements

Design Goals

- Robustness Requirement:
 - AoA Loop maintain a phase margin > 35 degrees

Height reference tracking

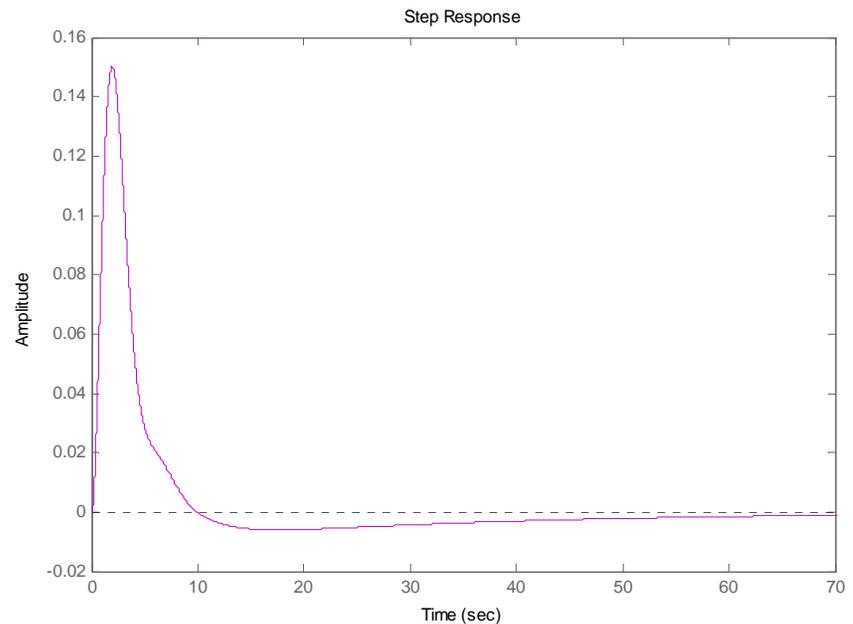
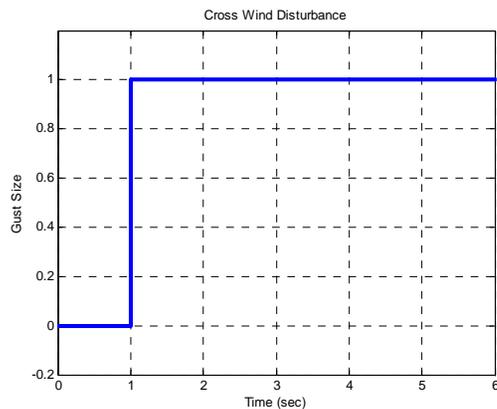


Closed Loop Performance Goals

Disturbance rejection:

- Phi Loop maintain a phase margin > 40 degrees

Cross Wind

Conclusions

- New integrated workflow interface centered around Simulink
- Build any control structure in Simulink and tune the compensators using these tools
- Tune multi-loop control systems in a single design environment
- Use graphical numerical optimization for compensator tuning, including frequency domain requirements

For more: Exhibit – Control System Design in Simulink